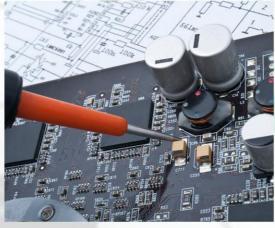
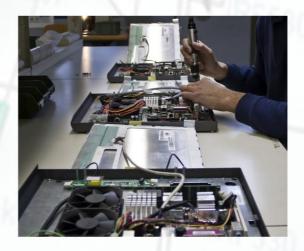
# National Vocational Certificate Level 2 in Electrical-Electronic Assembly

# **CBT Curriculum**









# **National Vocational & Technical Training Commission**

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#### 1. Introduction

Qualified Electrical & Electronic Assemblers are required for assembly of basic electrical and electronic circuits & machines. They are in high demand and absorbed by a range of industries such as Atomic Energy, Defiance, Fertilizer, Cement, Petro Chemical and Textile Industry. Moreover, Electrical & Electronic Assemblers are also concerned with the assembling, repairing and installation of domestic electrical and electronic appliances such as basic electrical and electronics circuits, DC power supplies, transformers, voltage stabilizers and UPS system.

#### 1.1 Overall course objective

This course will enable the pass outs to work as an Electrical & Electronic Assemblers (Assistant) in Government Organisations such as Army PAF and Navy in engineering core. Moreover they can work in the Atomic energy commission, mobile phone companies, textile, paper and fertilizer factories, petro chemical companies. This training programme also helps the pass out trainees to start their own business like sale and service shops of electronics devices, equipment and spare parts. Trainees can work on these repairing shops and get reasonable earning.

#### 1.2 Course competencies

After completion of training the trainees will be able to:

- Maintain Safety;
- > Interpret Drawings;
- Maintain Tools & Equipment;
- Install Wiring;
- > Perform Installations and Assembling of Electrical Appliance / items;
- Perform product testing;
- > Perform Preventive and Corrective Maintenance:
- Perform Quality Checks; and
- Maintain Documentation.

#### 1.3 Job opportunities

The pass out of this course would be able to:

- Work in Government Organisations like defence, Nuclear and power sector
- > Work as electronics technician in an electronics outfit / company / organisation
- > Work as electronics technician in cotton, garment, cement, fertilizer, sugar, electrical and electronics industry
- > Be self employed by having his own electrical / wiring workshop

#### 1.4 Trainee entry level

Individuals who wish to enter this course of study have to comply against the following criteria:

- > Grade 8 (Middle) preferably or equivalent with field experience or level 1 certification in Electrical & Electronic Assembler
- Comfort level of English language and mathematics;
- > Satisfactory completion of appropriate admission assessment test.

#### 1.5 Minimum qualification of trainer

Trainers who wish to offer this programme should meet one of the following requirements:

- > B.Sc. Engg and 1 year of relevant experience; or
- > B-Tech and 2 years of relevant experience; or
- > Diploma Associate Engineer (DAE) and 3 years relevant experience; or
- > Certificate as Electrical & Electronic Assembler with 5 years relevant experience

Trainers offering this programme must be computer literate and be conversant with the delivery of competency-based education and training (CBET). All legislative requirements applicable to carry out training and assessment, if any, must be complied with.

#### 1.6 Teaching strategies in a competency-based environment

Training in a competency-based environment differs from the traditional method of training delivery. It is based on defined competency standards, which are industry oriented.

The traditional role of a trainer changes and shifts towards the facilitation of training. A facilitator in CBET encourages and assists trainees to learn for themselves. Trainees are likely to work in groups (pairs) and all doing something different. Some are doing practical tasks in the workshop, some writing, some not even in the classroom or workshop but in another part of the building using specialist equipment, working on computers doing research on the Internet or the library. As trainees learn at different pace they might well be at different stages in their learning, thus learning must be tailored to suit individual needs.

The following facilitation methods (teaching strategies) are generally employed in CBET programmes:

- ➤ **Direct Instruction Method:** This might beeffective when introducing a new topic to a larger group of trainees in a relative short amount of time. In most cases this method relies on one-way communication, hence there are limited opportunities to get feedback on the trainee's understanding.
- ➤ **Discussion Method:** This allows trainees to actively participate in sharing knowledge and ideas. It will help the trainer to determine whether trainees understand the content of the topic. On the other hand, there is a possibility of straying off topic under discussion and some trainees dominating others on their views.
- > Small Group Method: Pairing trainees to help and learn from each other often results in faster knowledge/skill transfer than with the whole class. The physical arrangement of the classroom/workshop and individual assessment may be challenging.
- ▶ **Problem Solving Method:** This is avery popular teaching strategy for CBET. Trainees are challenged and are usually highly motivated when they gain new knowledge and skills by solving problems (Contingency skills). Trainees develop critical thinking skills and the ability to adapt to new learning situations (Transfer skills). It might be time consuming and because trainees sometimes work individually, they may not learn all the things that they are expected to learn.
- > Research Method: This is used for workshops and laboratory tasks, field experiments, and case studies. It encourages trainees to investigate and find answers for themselves and to critically evaluate information. It however requires a lot of time and careful planning of research projects for the trainee.

#### 1.7 Medium of instructions

Urdu, local languages and/or English

#### 1.8 Sequence and delivery of the modules

The curriculum for Electrical & Electronic Assembler (Assistant) – NVQF level 2, consists of five (5) modules. The delivery of the modules (sequence) is suggested as follows:

**Module 1:** Electrical Theory

Module 2: Maintenance

**Module 3:** Installation and Assembling **Module 4:** Testing and troubleshooting

**Module 5:** Continuing Professional Development

Learning units within these modules can be delivered interchangeably as stand-alone modules or in an integrated approach.

#### 1.9 Duration of the course

The proposed curriculum is composed of 5 modules, which will be delivered over 1600 hours i.e. one (1) year.

The distribution of training hours is as follows:

a) Total Training hours = 1600 Hours

b) Theory = 320 Hours (20%)

c) Practical = 1280 Hours (80%)

#### 2. Overview about the programme – Curriculum for Electrical & Electronic Assembler (Assistant) – NVQF Level 2:

Module Title	Learning Units	Theory <sup>1</sup> Days/hours	Workplace <sup>2</sup> Days/hours	Timeframe of modules
	LU-1: Describe basic electrical concepts  LU-2: Identify hazards associated with electricity	y hazards associated with		
	<b>LU-3:</b> Describe sources of electricity generation <b>LU-4:</b> Calculate electrical variables			
Module 1: Electrical Theory	LU-5: Perform measurements in electrical circuits	82 46		128
	LU-6: Demonstrate knowledge of electric power			
	<b>LU-7:</b> Describe resistive, inductive and capacitive loads			
	LU-8: Describe basic magnetic principles			
	LU-1: Plan and prepare for work			
	LU-2: Use tools and equipment			
Module 2: Maintenance	LU-3: Inspect and troubleshoot system	53 444		497
	LU-4: Conduct preventive and corrective maintenance			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Learning hours in training provider premises <sup>2</sup>Training workshop, laboratory and on-the-job workplace

Module 3: Installation and Assembling	LU-1:Plan and prepare for work LU-2:Assemble electrical circuits LU-3:Assemble electronic circuits	89	470	559
Module 4: Testing and troubleshooting	LU-1: Demonstrate diagnostic procedure LU-2: Remove Fault	75	320	395
Module 5: Continuing Professional  Development	LU-1: Identify professional development needs LU-2: Develop professional knowledge, skills and attitudes LU-3: Maintain professional proficiency	21	0	21

# 3. Electrical & Electronic Assembler(Assistant) – Curriculum Contents

Module 1:	Electrical Theory	Electrical Theory					
Objective of the Module:	On completion of this module the trainee will be able to demonstrate the following competencies according to industrate standards and/or requirements:						
	<ul> <li>Identify hazards associat</li> <li>Describe sources of election</li> <li>Calculate electrical varial</li> <li>Perform measurements i</li> <li>Demonstrate knowledge</li> <li>Describe resistive, induction</li> </ul>						
Duration:	Total: 128 hours	Theory:	82 hours	Practice:	46 hours		
Learning Unit	Learning Outcomes	Learning Elements	Duration (Hours)	Materials Required	Learning Place		
LU-1: Describe basic electrical concepts	1.1 Demonstrate knowledge of electron theory	<ul> <li>Definition of matter</li> <li>Different states of matter with examples</li> <li>Definition of atom, molecule and element</li> <li>Atomic structure and shells</li> <li>Description of proton, electron and neutron</li> <li>Definition of valence and free electrons</li> <li>Properties of positive and negative charge</li> </ul>	Total 35 Hrs Theory 25 Hrs Practical 10 Hrs	Non Consumable  Digital clamp meter Generator Oscilloscope Analogue meter Analogue voltmeter Animation of atomic model Animation of states of matter	Theory Classroom  Practical Lab Workshop		

Definition of electricity
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1.2 Describe current flow	Conventional current and electron flow theory     Static and dynamic charge	<ul> <li>Atomic model</li> <li>Clamp meter</li> <li>Digital multi meter</li> <li>Electric fan</li> <li>Electric heater</li> <li>Permanent and temporary magnets</li> <li>Consumable</li> <li>Balloon</li> </ul>
1.3 Define conductor, semi- conductor and insulator	<ul> <li>Properties of conductors, insulators and semiconductors</li> <li>Types of diodes, e.g.</li> <li>Photodiode</li> <li>Zener diode</li> <li>LED</li> </ul>	Balloon     Batteries     Conductor
1.4 Apply Ohm's law for DC circuits	<ul> <li>Definition</li> <li>Laws of resistance</li> <li>Relation between current (I), voltage (V) and resistance (R)</li> </ul>	

	1.5 Describe factors affecting resistance of conductors	<ul> <li>Definition of resistivity</li> <li>Resistivity of materials</li> <li>Factors affecting resistance of conductors</li> <li>Calculating resistance of a conductor with regard to cross sectional area, length, resistivity and operating temperature</li> </ul>		
LU-2: Identify hazards associated with electricity	2.1 Describe electricity hazards	Common electricity hazards     Insulation breaks of cable     Identification and Guarding of live parts     Grounding     Electric spark due to any reason     Lack of protection equipment uses     Unawareness	Total 08 Hrs Theory 05 Hrs Practical 03 Hrs	Theory Classroom  Practical Lab Workshop
	2.2 Apply the protection procedures for electric shock	<ul> <li>De energizing electric equipment before inspection or repair</li> <li>Maintaining electric tools</li> <li>Working near energized lines</li> <li>Using protective equipment</li> </ul>		

safety signs and
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LU-3: Describe sources of electricity generation	3.1 Identify sources of electricity generation	Sources of electricity generation     Static electricity     Electromagnetic induction     Electrochemistry     Photovoltaic effect     Thermoelectric effect	Total 15 Hrs Theory 10 Hrs Practical 05 Hrs	Theory Classroom  Practical Lab Workshop
	3.2 Nature of electricity (AC and DC) produced by different sources	<ul> <li>Nuclear transformation</li> <li>Definition of AC and DC electricity</li> <li>Varying/sinusoidal nature of current and voltage in AC</li> <li>Non-varying/uniform nature of current and voltage in DC</li> <li>Importance of polarity in DC circuits</li> </ul>		

LU-4: Calculate electrical variables	series-, parallel-, and series/parallel electrical circuits	<ul> <li>Circuit layout</li> <li>Series</li> <li>Parallel</li> <li>Series/Parallel</li> <li>Circuit characteristics</li> <li>Voltage</li> <li>Current</li> <li>Resistance</li> <li>Fault finding procedures</li> </ul>	Total 15 Hrs Theory 10 Hrs Practical 05 Hrs	Theory Classroom  Practical Lab Workshop
	4.2 Calculate electrical quantities in DC circuits based on Ohm's Law	<ul> <li>Ohm's law wheel</li> <li>Calculating voltage</li> <li>Calculating current</li> <li>Calculating resistance</li> <li>Calculating power</li> </ul>		

LU-5: Perform measurements in electrical circuits	5.1 Identify digital and analogue instruments	Definition and examples of analogue and digital display instruments	Total 20 Hrs Theory 08 Hrs	
	5.2 Measure current and voltage in DC circuit	<ul> <li>Measuring current and voltage in DC circuit</li> <li>Defining electrical parameters, such as V<sub>OC</sub>, V<sub>max</sub>, I<sub>SC</sub></li> </ul>	Practical 12 Hrs	
	5.3 Measure frequency of ac signal	<ul> <li>Functioning of oscilloscope</li> <li>Measuring frequency of ac signal using oscilloscope</li> </ul>		
	5.4 Measure real and apparent power	<ul> <li>Definition of real, apparent and reactive power</li> <li>Relationship between real, apparent and reactive power</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Units of real/active, apparent and reactive power</li> <li>Measuring real and apparent</li> </ul>		
	5.5 Measure voltage and frequency of single and	Measuring single phase voltage of ac signal		
	three phase ac signal	<ul> <li>Measuring three phase voltage of ac signal</li> <li>Measuring frequency of ac signal</li> </ul>		

LU-6: Demonstrate knowledge of electric power	6.1 Describe the different ratio for real power, apparent power and reactive power  6.2 Define the terms KVA, KVAR and KW  6.3 Measure power factor electricity	<ul> <li>Power triangle</li> <li>Pythagoras theorem</li> <li>Calculation of angle</li> <li>Definition of KVA, KVAR and KW</li> <li>Calculate value of reactive power</li> <li>Definition of power factor</li> <li>Measuring power factor of main AC line</li> </ul>	Total 15 Hrs Theory 10 Hrs Practical 05 Hrs	
	6.4 State the advantages and disadvantages of low power factor and high power factor  6.5 Explain the causes of low power factor and techniques to improve it	<ul> <li>KVA rating</li> <li>Per unit cost</li> <li>Power loss</li> <li>High current</li> <li>Increases expenses</li> <li>Causes of low power factor</li> <li>Disadvantages of low power factor</li> <li>Techniques to improve power factor</li> </ul>		

LU-7	7.1 Define resistance,	Definition of resistance,	Total	
Describe resistive,	capacitance and	capacitance and inductance	08 Hrs	
inductive and	inductance	Units and symbols		

capacitive loads	7.2 Differentiate between resistive, inductive and capacitive loads	<ul> <li>Explain with</li> <li>Examples of resistive loads</li> <li>Examples of inductive loads</li> <li>Examples of capacitive load</li> </ul>	Theory 06 Hrs Practical 02 Hrs
	7.3 Explain importance of electrostatic discharge (ESD)	<ul><li>Definition of ESD</li><li>Adverse effects of ESD</li></ul>	
LU-8: Describe basic magnetic principles	8.1 Define permanent and temporary magnets  8.2 Define the term 'flux'	<ul> <li>Definition 'permanent magnets'</li> <li>Definition 'temporary magnets'</li> <li>Definition 'flux'</li> </ul>	Total 12 Hrs Theory 08 Hrs Practical
	8.3 Describe magnetic lines of force and list their characteristics	Magnetic flux     Flux density	. 04 Hrs
	8.4 Apply the fundamental laws of magnetism	Fleming's hand rules     Lenz's law	

Module 2:	Maintenance				
Objective of the Module:	On completion of this module the standards and/or requirements:  Plan and prepare for working the standards and prepare for working the standards and the standards and the standards and the standards are standards and the standards and the standards are standards and the standards are standards as the standards are standards	rk t	strate the fo	llowing competencies accor	ding to industry
Duration:	Total: 338 hours	Theory:	48 hours	Practice:	290 hours
Learning Unit	Learning Outcomes	Learning Elements	Duration (Hours)	Materials Required	Learning Place
LU-1: Plan and prepare for work	1.1 Identify and obtain safety and other regulatory requirements for maintenance	Safety requirements, specifications, Hazard identification	Total 23 Hrs	Non Consumable     Personal protective equipment     Tools and equipment	Theory Classroom
	1.2 Interpret circuit diagrams	Drawings and symbols specifications	Theory 03 Hrs	Hrs Consumable  • Drawing sheets • Lead Pencil	Practical Lab
	1.3 List the tools are required for plan and prepare of work	Tools and equipment and calibration thereof	Practical 20 Hrs		Workshop Local industry

LU-2:	2.1 Identify and select tools,	Purpose of tools,	Total	Non Consumable	Theory
Use tools and equipment	equipment and instruments for maintenance	equipment and instruments	45 Hrs	Electrical tools and machine	Classroom
	2.2 Demonstration safe use of tools and equipment	Use of electrical tools, equipment &instruments	Theory	<ul><li>Oscilloscope</li><li>Generator</li></ul>	Practical Lab
	2.3 Describe preventive maintenance procedures	<ul> <li>Preventive maintenance of:</li> <li>Tools</li> <li>Equipment</li> <li>Instruments</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>O5 Hrs</li> <li>Volt meter</li> <li>Ampere meter</li> <li>Watt meter</li> <li>Multi meter</li> <li>Consumable</li> <li>Handouts</li> <li>Safety procedures legislation</li> <li>Hydro meter</li> <li>Insulation tape</li> </ul>	Ampere meter     Watt meter	Workshop Local industry
		- Instruments - Machinery - Facilities			
	2.4 Maintain and / or replace tool insulation	Types of insulation and reports			
	2.5 Clean and store electrical tool insulation	Storage requirements of Tools and equipments			
	<ul> <li>2.6 Define the following term</li> <li>Electrolyte</li> <li>Error</li> <li>Zero error</li> <li>Calibration</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Electrolyte</li><li>Error</li><li>Zero error</li><li>Calibration</li></ul>		Battery	
	2.7 Explain key hazards associated with use of tools and equipment	<ul> <li>Cut on any part of body</li> <li>Slipping of tools and equipment</li> <li>Bleeding</li> <li>First add</li> </ul>			
	2.8 Identify the state of charge and types of batteries	<ul><li>Static Charge</li><li>Dynamic Charge</li><li>Positive Charge</li><li>Negative charge</li></ul>			

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	2.9 Maintain electrolyte level	Role of electrolyte			
	2.10 Describe the procedure for charging batteries	Charging procedures			
	2.11 Apply the procedure for calibrating measuring instruments	Types and methods of calibration			
	2.12 Document and interpret calibration	Types of calibration reports			
	2.13 Calibrate measuring instrument	Types and methods of calibration			
		International standards			
	2.14 List the problem that may occur when do calibrating	<ul> <li>Adjusting error</li> <li>Personal error</li> <li>Technical error</li> <li>Equipment error</li> <li>International standards</li> <li>Calibrating techniques</li> </ul>			
LU-3:	3.1 List the key safety hazards	Inspection requirements	Total	Non Consumable	Theory
Inspect and troubleshoot systems	associated with troubleshooting	Troubleshooting requirements	85 Hrs	Magger	Classroom
troubleshoot systems	3.2 Describe the procedures	Maintenance of electrical	Theory	• Earth test meter	Practical
	for routine check	instruments and	15 Hrs	Synchronize meter	Lab
		equipment; Types of common faults of wiring;	Practical	Clamp on meter     Oscilloscope	Workshop
		Load balance; Safety precautions	70 Hrs	<ul><li>Oscilloscope</li><li>Pliers</li></ul>	Local industry
İ	T .	1	1	l .	1

Types of batteries

3.3 Define the terms	<ul><li>Troubleshooting</li><li>Fault</li><li>Loads</li><li>Schedule inspection</li></ul>	Wire cutter     Screw drivers set
3.4 State the document results	Test and preventive reports	Consumable  • Handouts
3.5 States the remedies for un- balance system	<ul> <li>Natural phase fault</li> <li>Low power factor</li> <li>Short circuit</li> <li>Leakage current</li> <li>Low quality material</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Safety hazards</li><li>Compass</li><li>Extension board</li></ul>
3.6 Apply the diagnostic procedures for troubleshooting	Identification of electrical faults by checking shape, size and colour of components and parts; Measurement of electrical parameters; Safety precautions	
3.7 Identify faulty parts and / or equipment	Methods of fault identification in electrical/electronic circuit	
3.8 Analyze system fault	System operations in an electrical environment	
3.9 List the tools for required troubleshooting	<ul> <li>Calibration tools</li> <li>Testing tools</li> <li>Operational tools</li> <li>Personal protective equipment</li> </ul>	

LU-4: Conduct maintenance	4.1 Explain the key hazards associated with maintenance	Identify and obtain safety, hazards and other regulatory requirements for conduct maintenance	<b>Total</b> 95 Hrs	Non Consumable  Bench wise Battery charger	Theory Classroom
	4.2 Describe basic measurements tests	Measurement and calculation of electrical parameters	Theory 15 Hrs	<ul><li>Pipe wrench</li><li>Hand drill machine</li><li>Goggles</li></ul>	Practical Lab Workshop
	4.3 Apply minor adjustments and calibrations	Adjustment techniques for electrical equipment and components; Calibration methods	Practical 80 Hrs	<ul><li>File set</li><li>L Key set</li><li>Star Key Set</li></ul>	Local industry
	4.4 Replace worn out or damaged parts	Identification of worn out or damaged parts		Magger     Earth test meter	
	4.5 Describe the procedures of dismantle faulty parts or components	Dismantling procedures		<ul><li>Synchronize meter</li><li>Clamp on meter</li><li>Oscilloscope</li></ul>	
	4.6 Replace or repair faulty parts or components	Replacing and repairing procedures		<ul><li>Hand tool set</li><li>Extension board</li></ul>	
	4.7 Perform commissioning	<ul><li>Electrical load management</li><li>Commissioning procedures</li></ul>		<ul><li>Series board</li><li>Phase tester</li><li>Ampere meter</li></ul>	
	4.8 Describe the procedure of Complete work related documents	<ul> <li>Importance of documentation</li> <li>Customer care procedures &amp; techniques</li> </ul>		AVO meter Soldering iron	
				<ul><li>Consumable</li><li>Handouts</li><li>Safety hazards</li></ul>	

		• Torc	gauge	
4.9 Explain the purpose of final quality inspection	Importance of quality handing-over to client		nsion board	
4.10 Clean up and store tools, equipment and material	Waste disposal procedures     Care of tools and equipment	<ul><li>Phase tester</li><li>Ampere meter</li><li>AVO meter</li></ul>	<ul><li>Phase tester</li><li>Ampere meter</li></ul>	
4.11 Identify the types of maintenance	Maintenance types	• Sold		
4.12 Distinguish between preventive and corrective maintenance	<ul> <li>Maintenance tools</li> <li>Schedule of maintenances</li> <li>Replace and damage</li> <li>Minor and major maintenance</li> </ul>			
4.13 State the reason for short circuit	<ul><li>Low quality cable</li><li>Increases load</li><li>Temperature increases</li><li>Un-awareness</li></ul>			
4.14 Demonstrate the use of Magger for a range of tests	<ul> <li>Operational tests</li> <li>Open circuit, short circuit, continuity test, earth leakage test</li> <li>Earthing test</li> </ul>			

Module 3:	Installation and Assembling						
Objective of the Module:	On completion of this module the trainee will be able to demonstrate the following competencies according to industry standards and/or requirements:  • Plan and prepare for work  • Assemble electrical circuits  • Assemble electronic circuits						
Duration:	Total: 559 hours	Theory:	89 hours	Practice:	470 hours		
Learning Unit	Learning Outcomes	Learning Elements	Duration (Hours)	Materials Required	Learning Place		
LU-1: Plan and prepare for work	1.1 Identify and interpret safety and other regulatory requirements	<ul> <li>Safety requirements for assembling</li> <li>Specifications</li> <li>Hazard identification</li> <li>Safety requirements for installation</li> <li>Specifications</li> <li>Hazard identification</li> </ul>	Total 95 Hrs Theory 15 Hrs	Non Consumable  • Soldering and desoldering tools  • Multi meter  Consumable  • Circuit diagrams	Theory Classroom  Practical Lab Workshop		
	1.2 Identify and select the tools and equipment for work  1.3 Interpret circuit diagrams	<ul> <li>Types of tools, equipment and material</li> <li>Drawings and symbols</li> <li>Specifications</li> </ul>	Practical 80 Hrs				

2.2 Demonstrate procedures • Procedures for installing	165 Hrs	Line tester	Theory Classroom
for installing components  2.3 Demonstrate procedures for connecting electrical circuits  - Types of joints - Types of wiring - Types of cables	Theory 25 Hrs  Practical 140 Hrs	<ul> <li>Line tester</li> <li>Multi meter</li> <li>Tool Kit</li> <li>Test lamp</li> <li>Series test board</li> <li>Drill Machine</li> <li>Hacksaw with various blades</li> <li>Consumable <ul> <li>Lamp with holder</li> <li>2-pin socket</li> <li>Board</li> <li>Connecting wires</li> <li>Switches</li> <li>Insulation tape</li> <li>Screws</li> <li>Nails</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Practical Lab Workshop Local industry

LU-3: Assemble electronic circuits	3.1 Draw wiring layout	Interpretation of drawings, symbols, cable number according to load, and colour coding	Total 165 Hrs	Non Consumable  • Soldering and desoldering tools	Theory Classroom
	3.2Demonstrate procedures for preparing a circuit board	<ul> <li>Material requirements</li> <li>Assembly manual</li> <li>Circuit diagram</li> <li>Procedure for preparing circuit board</li> </ul>	25 Hrs  Practical	<ul><li>Multi meter</li><li>Drill Machine</li><li>Tool Kit</li><li>Consumable</li></ul>	Practical Lab Workshop Local industry
	3.3Demonstrate proceduresfor installing components and connecting electronic circuits	<ul> <li>Tools and equipment</li> <li>Procedures for installing components</li> <li>Procedures for connecting electronic circuits</li> </ul>	140 Hrs	<ul> <li>Copper Coated Sheets</li> <li>HNO<sub>3</sub></li> <li>Permanent</li> </ul>	
	3.4Demonstrate procedures for operational testing	Testing procedures and equipment		Marker  • Diodes	
	3.5Demonstrate procedures for preparing a printed circuit board (PCB)	<ul> <li>Design layout</li> <li>Safety precautions related to working with acids</li> <li>HNO<sub>3</sub>acid and chemical reactions</li> <li>Drilling procedures</li> </ul>		<ul><li>Resisters</li><li>Capacitors</li><li>Hock up wire</li></ul>	
	3.6Demonstrate procedures for connecting electroniccomponents in PCB	<ul> <li>Interpretation of drawings and circuit diagram</li> <li>Soldering process and equipment Punching of thimbles</li> </ul>			
	3.7 Complete work related documents	Customer care procedure and techniques			

Module 4:	Testing and Troubleshooting	3					
Objective of the Module:	On completion of this module the trainee will be able to demonstrate the following competencies according to industrandards and/or requirements:  • Demonstrate diagnostic procedures • Remove faults						
Duration:	Total: 395 hours	Theory:	75 hours	Practice:	320 hours		
Learning Unit	Learning Outcomes	Learning Elements	Duration (Hours)	Materials Required	Learning Place		
LU-1: Demonstrate diagnostic procedures	1.1 Explain the purpose of visual inspection  1.2 Demonstrate procedure for implementing testing  1.3Interpret test results  1.4Implement troubleshooting procedures and identify fault	Damage identification     cracks     disorders(shape &structure)     broken parts      Process of different tests     Electrical parameters      Interpretation of drawings and circuit diagrams      Troubleshooting     Electrical and electronic parameters	Total 163 Hrs Theory 28 Hrs Practical 135 Hrs	Non- Consumables  Magnifying Glass  Multi-meter  Oscilloscope  Tool Kit  Soldering and desoldering Tools  Test Lamp  Line Tester  Test Boards  Consumables  Soldering Wire  Desoldering Wire	Theory Classroom  Practical Lab Workshop Local industry		

LU-2: Remove faults	2.1 Identify the repair or replace component/ parts  2.2 Carry out operational testing  2.3 Explain the reason for short circuit and leakage current	<ul> <li>Interpretation of drawings and circuit diagrams; product knowledge</li> <li>Product knowledge; Testing procedures and equipment</li> <li>Breakage of neutral and phase</li> <li>Short circuits between Phase and neutral</li> <li>Insulation break of cable</li> </ul>	Total 62 Hrs Theory 12 Hrs Practical 50 Hrs	Non- Consumables  Magnifying Glass  Multi-meter  Oscilloscope  Tool Kit Soldering and desoldering Tools  Test Lamp Line Tester Test Boards	Theory Classroom  Practical Lab Workshop Local industry
		<ul> <li>Insulation break of cable</li> <li>Temperature effect</li> <li>Load increases</li> <li>Low quality cable, material</li> <li>Un-awareness</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Test Boards</li> <li>Consumables</li> <li>Soldering Wire</li> <li>Desoldering Wire</li> <li>Past</li> </ul>	
	2.4 Identify the fault finding techniques	<ul><li>Visual inspection</li><li>Technical inspection</li></ul>			

Module 5:	Apply continuing professional development				
Objective of the Module:	On completion of this module the trainee will be able to demonstrate the following competencies according to industry standards and/or requirements:  • Identity professional development needs  • Develop professional knowledge, skills and attitudes  • Maintain professional proficiency				
Duration:	Total: 15 hours	Theory:	15 hours	Practice:	0 hours
Learning Unit	Learning Outcomes	Learning Elements	Duration (Hours)	Materials Required	Learning Place
LU-1: Identity professional development needs	1.1 Discuss professional development needs	Reason s for professional development	<b>Total</b> 5 Hrs	Multi media	Theory Classroom
	1.2 Identify professional development programmes	<ul> <li>Access to programmes</li> <li>Career guidance</li> </ul>	Theory 5 Hrs	<ul> <li>Sound system</li> <li>White Board</li> </ul> Consumable <ul> <li>Flip Chart</li> <li>Writing pad</li> <li>Lead pencil</li> <li>High lighter</li> <li>White board marker</li> </ul>	

LU-2: Develop professional knowledge, skills and attitudes	2.1 Participate in training programmes  2.2 Document training outcome	Outcomes and relevance of training     Report and portfolio writing	Total 5 Hrs Theory 5 Hrs	Non Consumable  Multi media Projector Dice Sound system White Board  Consumable Flip Chart Writing pad Lead pencil High lighter White board marker	Theory Classroom
LU-3: Maintain professional proficiency	3.1 Identify and use self-study sources  3.2 Implement self-study plan	Research methods     Access to sources  Planning your career	Total 5 Hrs Theory 5 Hrs	Non Consumable  Multi media Projector Dice Sound system White Board  Consumable Flip Chart Writing pad Lead pencil High lighter White board marker	Theory Classroom

### 4. Assessment guidance

Competency-based assessment is the process of gathering evidence to confirm the candidate's ability to perform according to specified outcomes articulated in the competency standard(s).

#### 4.1 Types of assessment

#### a) Sessional assessment

The goal ofsessional assessment is to monitor student progress in order to provide constant feedback. This feedback can be used by the trainers to improve their teaching and by learners to improve their learning.

More specifically, sessional assessments Help learners to identify their strengths and weaknesses and Help trainers to recognise where learners are struggling and address problems immediately

Examples of sessional assessments include:

- Observations
- Presentations
- Activity sheets
- Project work
- Oral questions

#### b) Summative (final) assessment

The goal of summative (final) assessment is to evaluate learning progress at the end of a training programme by comparing it against, e.g. set of competency standards.

Examples of summative assessments include:

- Direct observation of work activities
- > Final project
- > Written questions

#### 4.2 Principles of assessment

When conducting assessment or developing assessment tools, trainers/assessors need to ensure that the following principles of assessment are met:

#### Validity

➤ Indicates if the assessment outcome is supported by evidence. The assessment outcome is valid if the assessment methods and materials reflect the critical aspects of evidence required by the competency standards (Competency units, performance criteria, knowledge and understanding).

#### Reliability

➤ Indicates the level of consistency and accuracy of the assessment outcomes. The assessment is reliable if the assessment outcome will produce the same result for learners with equal competence at different times or places, regardless of the trainer or assessor conducting the assessment.

## **Flexibility**

Indicates the opportunity for learners to discuss certain aspects of their assessment with their trainer or assessor, such as scheduling the assessment. All learners should be made aware of the purpose of assessment, the assessment criteria, the methods and tools used, and the context and proposed timing of the assessment well in advance. This can be achieved by drawing up a plan for assessment.

#### Fair assessment

Fair assessment does not advantage or disadvantage particular learners because of status, race, beliefs, culture and/or gender. This also means that assessment methods may need to be adjusted for learners with disabilities or cultural differences. An assessment should not place unnecessary demands on learners that may prevent them from demonstrating competence.

# 4.3 Assessment template – Sessional and Summative assessment

Madula Titla	Lacurdia a Unita	Recommended	form of assessment
Module Title	Learning Units	Sessional	Summative
Module 1: Electrical Theory	LU-1: Describe basic electrical concepts LU-2: Identify hazards associated with electricity LU-3: Describe sources of electricity generation LU-4: Calculate electrical variables LU-5: Perform measurements in electrical circuits LU-6: Demonstrate knowledge of electric power LU-7: Describe resistive, inductive and capacitive loads LU-8: Describe basic magnetic principles	<ul><li>Activity sheets</li><li>Simulation</li><li>Oral and written questions</li></ul>	
Module 2: Maintenance	LU-1: Plan and prepare for work LU-2: Use tools and equipment LU-3: Inspect and troubleshoot system LU-4: Conduct preventive and corrective maintenance	<ul> <li>Observation</li> <li>Simulation</li> <li>Oral and written questions</li> <li>Demonstration</li> </ul> Integrated assess <ul> <li>Project</li> <li>Demonstration</li> </ul>	
Module 3: Installation and Assembling	LU-1: Plan and prepare for work LU-2: Assemble electrical circuits LU-3: Assemble electronic circuits	<ul><li>Observation</li><li>Oral and written questions</li><li>Demonstration</li></ul>	<ul><li>Role play</li><li>Oral and written questions</li></ul>
Module 4: Testing and troubleshooting	LU-1: Demonstrate diagnostic procedure LU-2: Remove Fault	<ul><li>Observation</li><li>Simulation</li><li>Oral and written questions</li><li>Demonstration</li></ul>	
Module 5: Continuing Professional Development  LU-1: Identify professional development needs LU-2: Develop professional knowledge, skills and atti LU-3: Maintain professional proficiency		<ul><li>Activity sheets</li><li>Oral and written questions</li></ul>	

# 5. List of Tools, Machinery & Equipment

Occu	pational title	Electrical & Electronic Assembler (Assistant) – I	Level 2	
ı	Duration 12 months			
Sr. No.		Name of Item/ Equipment / Tools	Quantity	
1.	Dust proof lab		01	
2.	Counter set		07	
3.	Class chairs		35	
4.	AC (Humidity fr	ee)	01	
5.	Oscilloscope		03	
6.	Frequency cour	nter	05	
7.	AF signal generator 05		05	
8.	DC regulator power supply 0		07	
9.	UPS system 03			
10.	Audio power amplifier 07			
11.	Earth leakage (Circuit breaker) 07		07	
12.	Dust blower machine 02		02	
13.	Electrical drill machine		02	
14.	Digital winding machine 0		07	
15.	Project board 10		10	
16.	Ceiling fan 02		02	
17.	Bracket fan		02	

18.	Computer system	01
19.	Pliers	10
20.	Nose pliers	10
21.	Wire stripper	10
22.	Spanner set	02
23.	Files	07
24.	Screw driver (flat	10
25.	Screw driver (Phillips)	10
26.	Hammer	07
27.	Rubber mallet	07
28.	Centre punch	07
29.	Hack saw	07
30.	Soldering gun	07
31.	Heat air gun	07
32.	Glue gun	07
33.	Digital multi meter	10
34.	Digital clamp meter ( AC & DC )	10
35.	Digital LCR meter	05
36.	EHT probe meter	05
37.	Degaussing coil	02
38.	IC Inserter & Exeter kit	07

39.	Workshop scissor	10
40.	Workshop knife	10
41.	Magnifier ( Glass )	07
42.	Screw driver set	10

# 6. List of Consumable Supplies

Occupational title		Electr	ical & Electronic Assembler (Assistant) –	Level 2	
I	Duration		12 months		
Sr. No.	Nam	e of Item/ Equipment / Tools	Range	Quantity	
1.	Wire		3/29	200 meter	
2.	Hock up wire		6 core	50 meter	
3.	Single way swit	ch	10 Ampere	50 piece	
4.	Two pin socket		10 Ampere	50 piece	
5.	Two way switch		10 Ampere	20 piece	
6.	Lamp holder		Piano type	50 piece	
7.	Lamp		100 & 200 watt	50 piece	
8.	Energy saver		25 watts	10 piece	
9.	Two pole mane	switch	10 Ampere	10 piece	
10.	Duck putty		3*4 inch	01 bundle	
11.	Fuse		10 Ampere	10 Piece	
12.	Salad Bound		Delphi	20 Piece	
13.	Board (Plastic)		4*4 Inch	10 Piece	
14.	Board (Plastic)		4*7 Inch	10 Piece	
15.	Resistors		Different values	1000 Piece	
16.	Variable resisto	rs	Different values	100 Piece	
17.	Capacitors		Different values	500 Piece	
18.	Transistors		Different values	1000 Piece	

19.	ICs	Different values	100 Piece
20.	Diodes	2 & 4 Ampere	500 Piece
21.	Zener diode	Different values	100 Piece
22.	LED, s	Different colours	1000 piece
23.	Ana log Multi meter	MF – China	10 piece
24.	Ana meld wire	Modern	04 Kg
25.	Soldering Iron	60 Watts	10 Piece
26.	Casing (Body) of Stabilizer	Body with assures	05 Piece
27.	Transformer	12+25+25 volts	05 Piece
28.	Dry Batteries	1.5,3,6,12 Volts	30 Piece
29.	Casing of sound system	With assures	05 piece
30.	Casing of UPS	With assures	03 piece
31.	UPS Module	4+4, 6+6, 7+7 (FETs)	03 piece
32.	UPS Transformer	500,750,1000 Watts	03 piece
33.	UPS Circuit	Wriggle card (12 Volt)	03 piece
34.	Hydro meter	Gravity meter	02 piece



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