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ELECTRO MECHANICAL TECHNOLOGY

CBT Curriculum

National Vocational Certificate Level 1 Version 1 - December 2014















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1. Introduction

Todays 'World of Work' has undergone radical changes. The emergence of new technologies, global markets for products and services, and international competition require economies to upgrade and enhance the skill level of their human resources. Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) systems all over the world are constantly challenged by this question of how to respond to the demand of a knowledge-based economy. As TVET systems and their training programmes directly relate to the world of work in terms of quantity and quality output, the approach of TVET programmes need to focus on the acquisition of technical and non-technical skills, also referred to employability skills.

With the release of the National Skills Strategy 2009-2013 the Pakistan government has made skills development a political priority. The framework for skills development aims to:

- > Change TVET education from time-bound, curriculum-based training to flexible, competency-based training;
- Bring about a shift from supply-led training to demand-driven (outcome-based) skills development by promoting the role of industry in designing and delivering TVET.

The curriculum for *Electrical Machine Technician (Helper) – Level 1* aims to respond to this demand. Ithas beendeveloped as an outcome-based course designed to teach the employability skills needed to succeed in a high-performance work environment, as defined by labour market requirements. Although occupation specific, this course seamlessly articulates with advanced training programmes on NVQF level 2, such as *Electrical & Electronic Assembler (Assistant), Building Electrician (Assistant), Electrical Equipment Installer& Repairer (Assistant), andIndustrial Electrician(Assistant).*

1.1 Overall course objective

The overall objective of this introductory course to teach trainees transferable skills necessary to succeed in the ever-changing workplace through teamwork, problem-solving, communication, self-management, and career readiness. Trainees will enhance soft skills, basic workplace skills, interpersonal skills, communication skills, and leadership skills while becoming career-ready.

1.2 Course competencies

Curriculum modules (training input) are clusters of competenciesexpressed inlearning units, learning outcomes, and learning elements. After successful completion of the two curriculum modules of this course, the traineehas gained a range of competencies required to proceed in the world of work. The competencies stated in table 1 reflect industry requirements expressed in competency standards (training output).

Table 1: Relationship of curriculum modules with competency standards

Curriculum Modules (training input)	Competency Standards (training output)
Module 1: Workshop introduction LU-1: Maintain health and safety LU-2: Carry out basic maintenance LU-3: Demonstrate positive workplace attitude and behaviours	 Maintain health, safety and cleanliness Carry out maintenance procedures as Electrical Machine Technician (Helper) Apply a problem solving method Demonstrate positive workplace attitude and behaviours
Module 2: Workshop communication LU-1: Communicate in the workplace LU-2: Complete work documents LU-3: Apply basic numeracy LU-4: Develop personal career portfolio	 Communicate in different work contexts Apply basic reading, writing and speaking skills in different life contexts Apply basic numeracy skills in different life contexts Produce a plan for career options related to a Electrical Machine Technician (Helper)

1.3 Job opportunities

The level 1 training course related to *Electrical Machine Technician (Helper)*transfers work-readiness skills (employability skills) and articulates with a number of level 2 training programmes in Electrical Engineering.Based on the design and flexible approach qualified trainees will find opportunities a number of specialised areas to work a 'Helper', such as *Electrical & Electronic Assembler (Helper), Building Electrician (Helper), Electrical Equipment Installer and Repairer (Helper), and Industrial Electrician (Helper).*

After completion of the level 2 training programme qualifiedtrainees can further progress and embark on a career in the field of Electrical Engineering, providing job opportunities as Technician, Foreman, Manager, Owner or Electrical Engineer in government, semi-government or private enterprises. Experienced Electricians may advance through promotions with the same employer or by moving to more advanced positions with other employers.

1.4 Trainee entry level

Individuals who wish to enter this course of study have to comply against the following criteria:

- Grade 8 (Middle) or equivalent;
- > Comfort level of English language and mathematics;
- > Satisfactory completion of appropriate admission assessment test.

1.4.1 Duration

1.5 Trainer requirements

Trainers who wish to offer this programme should meet one of the following requirements:

- > B.Sc. Eng. and 2 years of relevant work experience; or
- > B-Tech and 4 years of relevant work experience; or
- > Diploma Associate Engineer (DAE) and 5 years relevant work experience; or
- > Certificate as Electro Machine Installer & Repairer with 8 years relevant work experience

Trainers offering this programme must be computer literate and be conversant with the delivery of competency-based education and training (CBET). All legislative requirements applicable to carry out training and assessment, if any, must be complied with.

1.6 Teaching strategies in a competency-based environment

Training in a competency-based environment differs from the traditional method of training delivery. It is based on defined competency standards, which are industry oriented.

The traditional role of a trainer changes and shifts towards the facilitation of training. A facilitator in CBETencourages and assists trainees to learn for themselves. Trainees are likely to work in groups (pairs)and all doing something different. Some are doing practical tasks in the workshop, some writing, some not even in the classroom or workshop but in another part of the building using specialist equipment, working on computers doing research on the Internet or the library. As trainees learn at different pace they might well be at different stages in their learning, thus learning must betailored to suit individual needs.

The following facilitation methods (teaching strategies) are generally employed in CBET programs:

- Direct Instruction Method: This might beeffective when introducing a new topic to a larger group of trainees in a relative short amount of time. In most cases this method relies on one-way communication, hence there are limited opportunities to get feedback on the trainee's understanding.
- Discussion Method: This allows trainees to actively participate in sharing knowledge and ideas. It will help the trainer to determine whether trainees understand the content of the topic. On the other hand, there is a possibility ofstraying offtopic under discussion and some trainees dominating otherson their views.
- Small Group Method: Pairing trainees to help and learn from each other often results in faster knowledge/skill transfer than with the whole class. The physical arrangement of the classroom/workshop and individual assessment may be challenging.
- Problem Solving Method: This is avery popular teaching strategy for CBET. Trainees are challenged and are usually highly motivated when they gain new knowledge and skills by solvingproblems (Contingency skills). Trainees develop critical thinking skills and the ability to adapt to new learning situations (Transfer skills). It might be time consuming and because trainees sometimes work individually, they may not learn all the things that they are expected to learn.
- Research Method: This is used for workshops and laboratory tasks, field experiments, and case studies. It encourages trainees to investigate and find answers for themselves and to critically evaluate information. It however requires a lot of time and careful planning of research projects for the trainee.

1.7 Medium of instruction

Instructions will be provided in Urdu, local languages and/or English.

1.8 Sequence and delivery of the modules

The curriculum for *Electrical Machine Technician (Helper)* – *NVQF level 1*, consists of two (2) modules and should be delivered in the following sequence:

Module 1:Workplace introduction

Learning units within this module can be delivered interchangeably as stand-alone modules or in a holistic approach

Module 2:Workplace communication

Learning units within this module can be delivered interchangeably as stand-alone modules or in a holistic approach

All theoretical content related to the modules should be delivered, where possible in an applied setting related to the *Electrical Machine Technician (Helper)* work environment.

2. Overview about the programme:

Curriculum for Electrical Machine Technician (Helper) – NVQF Level 1

Module Title and Aim	Learning Units	Theory ¹ hours	Workplace ² hours	Timeframe of modules
Module 1: Workplace introduction				
Aim:	LU-1:			
To provide trainees with the knowledge	Maintain health and safety			
and skills to carry out safely basic	LU-2:	65	95	160
maintenance work as Electrical Machine Technician (Helper)	Carry out basic maintenance	00		100
	LU-3:			
	Demonstrate positive workplace attitude and behaviours			
Module 2: Workplace communication				
Aim:	LU-1:			
To provide trainees with the knowledge	Communicate in the workplace			
and skills to effectively communicate	LU-2:			
verbally and non-verbally in a Electrical Machine Technician (Helper) work	Complete work documents	115	55	170
environment	LU-3:			
	Apply basic numeracy			
	LU-4:			
	Develop personal career portfolio			

¹Learning hours in training provider premises

²Training workshop, laboratory and on-the-job workplace

3. Electrical Machine Technician (Helper)Curriculum Contents

Module 1:	Workplace introduction						
Objective of the Module:	 On completion of this module the trainee will be able to demonstrate the following competencies according to industry standards and/or requirements: Maintain health and safety Carry out maintenance procedures as part of Electrical Machine Technician (Helper) Apply a problem solving method Demonstrate positive workplace attitude and behaviours 						
Duration:	Total: 160 hours	Theory:	65hours	Practice:	95hours		
Learning Unit	Learning Outcomes	Learning Elements	Materials Required	Learning Place			
LU-1: Maintain health	1.1 Define the term 'hazard'	Definition • Hazard	60 Theory 20 Practical 40 Persona protecti equipm clothing • Fire bla • Fire bla • Fire bla • Fire bla • Persona protecti equipm clothing • Teachir Flip c	 Fire extinguisher Fire blanket 	• Classroom • Workplace		
and safety	1.2 Identify the different types of hazards	Acute hazardsChronic hazards		 Fire bucket Safety signage Personal 			
This learning unit addresses competency standard(s): FL-001 – A1/2/3/4* FL-010 – A3*	1.3 Describe the different ways of controlling hazards	 Elimination Substitution Enclosure or isolation Work practices Training and education Administrative controls 		protective equipment and clothing • Teaching aids Flip charts Computer			
* In absence of a national coding system for competency standards, internal	1.4 Describe the procedures for reporting hazards	Procedures for reporting hazards		(preferably with internet access)			
training provider codes are being used	1.5 Define the term 'personal protective equipment and clothing'	DefinitionPersonal protective equipment and clothing					

1.6 Identify different types of personal protective clothing and equipment, their use and storage	Clothing • Overall • Steel cap boots • High visibility vest • Jacket • Rubber insulated gloves Equipment • Safety goggles • Safety hat • Ear muffs/plugs Use and storage		
1.7 Define the term 'emergency' and 'evacuation'	Definition Emergency Definition Evacuation 		
1.8 Identify emergency situations	 Accidents Fire Electric shock Chemical spill 		
1.9 Demonstrate procedures for dealing with emergency situations	Roles and responsibilities Safety officer Supervisor Worker 		
1.10 Demonstrate evacuation procedures	vorker Procedures		

1.11 List fire prevention methods	 House keeping Preventive Methods Training
1.12 Describe the different classes of fire	 Class A – wood, paper or cloth Class B – liquids Class C – gas Class E - electrical
1.13 Identify different types of fire fighting equipment	Fire blanketFire extinguisher
1.14 Demonstrate use of fire fighting equipment	 Procedures for using fire fighting equipment
1.15 Describe properties of safety signs and symbols	ShapeColourGraphics
1.16 Explain the meaning of safety signs and symbols	 Hazard identification Facility or location signs Site safety Directional Traffic Warning signs and symbols
1.17 Describe the importance of cleanliness	Personal hygieneWorkplace cleanliness
1.18 Demonstrate procedures for handling and storing items and materials	 Procedures for handling and storing

LU-2: Carry out basic maintenance This learning unit addresses competency standard(s): FL-003 – A1/2/3* FL-010 – A1/2* * In absence of a national	 2.1 Define the terms 'preventive' and 'corrective maintenance' 2.2 Describe benefits of preventive maintenance 2.2A Benefits of corrective maintenance 	Definition • Preventive maintenance • Corrective maintenance Benefits may include: • Safety • Efficiency • Time- and cost saving	Total 60 Theory 15• Hand toolsPractical45• Tools and materials for cleaning, lubricating, sharpening, oiling, and insulating • Labels • Storage facilities • Examples of workplace documentation • Safety signage • Personal protective equipment and clothing • Teaching aids • Teaching aids 	60 Theory 15 Practical45 Practical45 • Tools and materials for cleaning, lubricating, sharpening, oilin and insulating • Labels • Storage facilities	60 eory 15 stical45 • Tools and materials for cleaning, lubricating, sharpening, oiling, and insulating • Labels • Storage facilities • Examples of	ClassroomWorkplace
coding system for competency standards, internal training provider codes are being used	2.3 Identify hazards associated with preventive maintenance	Hazards may include but are not limited to: • Cuts • Burns • Electric shocks • Fire • Explosion				
	2.4 Demonstrate procedures for conducting basic checks on tools and equipment	 Procedure for checking Labelling of functional and non-functional tools and equipment 		Computer (preferably with		
	2.5 Perform basic maintenance procedures as part of Electrical Machine Technician (Helper)	Maintenance programme Cleaning and lubricating Oiling Insulating 				
	2.6 Demonstrate procedures for storing tools and equipment	 Inventory of tools and equipment Proper storage of tools and equipment Documentation of maintenance procedures 				

2.7 Demonstrate problem solving procedures as Electrical Machine Technician (Helper)related to preventive maintenance	Apply the Bransford Ideal model (problem solving)• Identify the problem• Define the problem through thinking about it and sorting out the relevant information• Explore solutions through looking at alternatives, brainstorming, and checking out different points of view• Act on strategies• Look back and evaluate the effects of your capacity
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LU-3: Demonstrate	3.1 Define the term 'work ethic'	Definition Work ethic 	Total 40	Teaching aids Elip oborto	Classroom
positive workplace attitude and behaviours This learning unit addresses competency standard(s): FL-007 – A1/2/3* * In absence of a national coding system for competency standards, internal training provider codes are being used	3.2 Describe factors that demonstrate strong work ethic	Work ethic factors Integrity - Confidentiality Sense of responsibility - Time management Emphasis on quality - Commitment to work Discipline - Patience and tolerance Sense of teamwork - Meeting goals as a team Customer service Communication Attire Influencing factors, such as: Anger Stress Depression Ways to assess own professional behaviour	Theory 30 Practical10	Flip charts Computer (preferably with internet access)	

Module 2:	Workplace communication						
Objective of the Module:	 On completion of this module the trainee will be able to demonstrate the following competencies according to industry standards and/or requirements: Communicate in different work contexts Apply basic reading, writing and speaking skills in English in different life contexts Apply basic numeracy skills in different life contexts Produce a plan for career options related to Electrical Machine Technician (Helper) 						
Duration:	Total: 170 hour	s Theory:	115hours	Practice:	55hours		
Learning Unit	Learning Outcomes	Learning Elements	Duration	Materials Required	Learning Place		
LU-1: Communicate in the workplace	1.1 Define technical terms related to succeeding on the job	Terms pertaining to basic work skillsin Electrical Machine Technician (Helper)	Total 30 Theory	 Examples of workplace documentation Workplace forms 	Classroom Workplace		
This learning unit addresses competency standard(s): FL-002 – A1/2/3* FL-005 – A3* * In absence of a national coding system for competency standards, internal training provider codes are being used	1.2 List different types of communication	 Face to face Verbal and non verbal Written Work instructions Specifications Safety sheets Notice boards Visual Safety signs Hand signals Electronic Purpose and function of electronic communication devices, such as: Two way radio Telephone, Facsimile E-mail 	T5 Practical 15	 Safety signage Teaching aids Flip charts Computer (preferably with internet access) 			

1.3 Demonstrate receiving and responding to information using different communication types	 Effective face to face communication Appropriate communication etiquette Effective written communication Appropriate communication etiquette Effective visual communication Appropriate communication Appropriate communication etiquette Effective electronic communication Appropriate communication Appropriate communication Appropriate communication Appropriate communication etiquette 			
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LU-2: Complete work- related documents This learning unit addresses competency standard(s): FL-002 – A4* FL-005 – A1/2* * In absence of a national coding system for competency standards, internal training provider codes are being used	 2.1 Understand the need for accurate written directions to complete a task 2.2Write a short reportin simple English for practical purposes related to the Electrical Machine Technician (Helper) work environment 	Interpretation of texts, key words and phrases, in work related documents, such as • Workplace forms • Job cards • Installation guides • Manufacturers' specifications Completion of work related documents • Workplace forms • Job cards Planning • Introduction • Conclusion • Summary Drafting Editing • Spelling • Grammar • Punctuation	Total 60 Theory 40 Practical20	 Examples of workplace documentation Workplace forms Job cards Installation guides Manufacturers' specifications Technical literature Safety signage Teaching aids Flip charts Computer (preferably with internet access) 	• Classroom • Workplace
	2.3 Demonstrate understanding from reading a simple text related tothe work of a Electrical Machine Technician (Helper)	Purpose of text Main idea(s) of text Key words and phrases			

LU-3: Apply basic numeracy This learning unit addresses competency standard(s): FL-006 – A1/2/3/4/5* * In absence of a national coding system for competency standards, internal training provider codes are being used	3.1 Identify two- and three dimensional shapes	Two or three dimensional shapes may include: • Rectangle • Triangle • Sphere • Cube • Cylinder • Pyramid • Square • Polygons • Circle • Cuboids Use correct terminology, such as: • Horizontal • Vertical • Parallel • Sides	Total 50 Theory 40 Practical10	 Two- and three dimensional shapes / objects Measuring instruments, such as rulers, watches / clocks, scales, thermometers, AVO meter, gravity meter Teaching aids Flip charts Computer (preferably with internet access) 	Classroom Workplace
		 Corners Edges Arc Angles Degrees Length Width Breadth Height Straight Points Diameter Radius 			

fc tł	Sketch in diagrammatic orm simple two and hree-dimensional shapes and objects	Two or three dimensional objects may include: • Rectangle • Triangle • Sphere • Cube • Cylinder • Pyramid • Square • Polygons • Circle • Cuboids	
d fo ir	Assemble simple three- limensional objects by ollowing construction nstructions, plans or liagrams	Simple three dimensional objects may include: • Cube • Cylinder • Pyramid • Cuboids	
ir E	dentify measuring nstruments used as Electrical Machine Technician (Helper)	Measuring instruments for Electrical Machine Technician (Helper) may include: • Rulers, including use • Watches / clocks • Scales • Thermometers • AVO meter • Gravity meter	
v	Calculate area and olume of regular shapes and objects	Simple formulae for calculating area and volume	

3.6 Demonstrate basic calculation procedures related to money and time, including whole numbers, simple fractions and decimals	Money • Addition • Subtraction • Division • Percentage • Rounding Time • Coloulate time langed	
	Calculate time lapsedSummation of timeAppending additional time	
3.7 Demonstrate knowledge of graphs and tables	 Graphs may include: Simple line and bar graphs Tables may include: Simple two and three column tables Tables used in everyday life such as timetables Collect, sort and record data 	
	 Preparation of basic data, tables and graphs Construct and label graphs 	
	IncreasingDecreasingConstant value	

	3.8 Demonstrate use of simple formulae and algebraic expressions	Simple formulae and algebraic expressions may relate to: • Area • Perimeter • Dimensions of regular shapes Verification may include: • Estimation • Backtracking • Improve			
LU-4: Develop a personal career portfolio	4.1 Describe the purpose of developing a personal career profile	 Personal development Compatible career options Sources for career information 	Total 30 Theory 20	Teaching aids Flip charts Computer (preferably with internet access)	Classroom
This learning unit addresses competency standard(s): FL-015 – A1/2* * In absence of a national coding system for competency standards, internal training provider	4.2 Understand personal values, knowledge, aptitudes, skills, interest, experience, and accomplishments	 Analysis of own knowledge, skills, and abilities Compatible career options Sources for career information 	Practical10		
codes are being used	4.3 Identify realistic and measurable personal and professional goals	 Short-term goals Long-term goals Milestones Completion date Criteria for review Time period 			

4. Assessment guidance

Competency-based assessment is the process of gathering evidence to confirm the candidate's ability to perform according to specified outcomes articulated in the competency standard(s).

4.1 Types of assessment

a) Sessional assessment

The goal of sessional assessment is to monitor student progress in order to provide constant feedback. This feedback can be used by the trainers to improve their teaching and by learners to improve their learning.

More specifically, sessional assessments Help learners to identify their strengths and weaknesses and Help trainers to recognise where learners are struggling and address problems immediately

Examples of sessional assessments include:

- Observations
- > Presentations
- > Activity sheets
- Project work
- Oral questions
- Written assignments
- b) Summative (final) assessment

The goal of summative (final) assessment is to evaluate learning progress at the end of a training programme by comparing it against, e.g. set of competency standards.

Examples of summative assessments include:

- Direct observation of work activities
- > Final project
- > Written questions
- > Oral questions

4.2 Principles of assessment

When conducting assessment or developing assessment tools, trainers/assessors need to ensure that the following principles of assessment are met:

Validity

Indicates if the assessment outcome is supported by evidence. The assessment outcome is valid if the assessment methods and materials reflect the critical aspects of evidence required by the competency standards (Competency units, performance criteria, knowledge and understanding).

Reliability

Indicates the level of consistency and accuracy of the assessment outcomes. The assessment is reliable if the assessment outcome will produce the same result for learners with equal competence at different times or places, regardless of the trainer or assessor conducting the assessment.

Flexibility

Indicates the opportunity for learners to discuss certain aspects of their assessment with their trainer or assessor, such as scheduling the assessment. All learners should be made aware of the purpose of assessment, the assessment criteria, the methods and tools used, and the context and proposed timing of the assessment well in advance. This can be achieved by drawing up a plan for assessment.

Fair assessment

Fair assessment does not advantage or disadvantage particular learners because of status, race, beliefs, culture and/or gender. This also means that assessment methods may need to be adjusted for learners with disabilities or cultural differences. An assessment should not place unnecessary demands on learners that may prevent them from demonstrating competence.

4.3 Assessment template – Sessional and Summative assessment

Module 1: Workplace introduction

Learning Units	Recommended form of assessment		
	Sessional	Summative	
Maintain health and safety This learning unit addresses competency standard(s): FL-001 – A1/2/3/4* FL-010 – A3*	 Observation Activity sheets Simulation Oral and written questions Demonstration 		
* In absence of a national coding system for competency standards, internal training provider codes are being used			
Carry out basic maintenance This learning unit addresses competency standard(s): FL-003 – A1/2/3* FL-010 – A1/2* * In absence of a national coding system for competency standards, internal training provider codes are being used	 Observation Activity sheets Simulation Oral and written questions Demonstration 	 Integrated assessment: Project Demonstration Role play Oral and written questions 	
Demonstrate positive workplace attitude and behaviours This learning unit addresses competency standard(s): FL-007 – A1/2/3* * In absence of a national coding system for competency standards, internal training provider codes are being used	 Observation Activity sheets Simulation Oral and written questions Demonstration 		

Module 2: Workplace communication

Learning Units	Recommended form of assessment		
	Sessional	Summative	
Communicate in the workplace This learning unit addresses competency standard(s): FL-002 – A1/2/3* FL-005 – A3*	 Observation Activity sheets Role play Oral and written questions 		
* In absence of a national coding system for competency standards, internal training provider codes are being used			
Complete work-related documents This learning unit addresses competency standard(s): FL-002 – A4* FL-005 – A1/2*	 Observation Activity sheets Role play Oral and written questions 	Integrated assessment: • Project	
* In absence of a national coding system for competency standards, internal training provider codes are being used		Demonstration	
Apply basic numeracy This learning unit addresses competency standard(s): FL-006 – A1/2/3/4/5*	 Observation Activity sheets Role play Oral and written questions 	 Role play Oral and written questions 	
* In absence of a national coding system for competency standards, internal training provider codes are being used			
Develop a personal career portfolio	Oral and written questions		
This learning unit addresses competency standard(s): FL-017 – A1/2*			
* In absence of a national coding system for competency standards, internal training provider codes are being used			

5. List of Tools, Machinery & Equipment (Class Size 25 Trainees)

Occu	Occupational title Electrical Machine Technician (Helper) – Level		
[Duration 3 months		
Sr. No.		Name of Item/ Equipment / Tools	Quantity
1.	Fire extinguishe	er (CO2, H20 & Powder)	5 Each Type
2.	Fire blanket		5
3.	Fire bucket		5
4.	Personal protec	tive equipment and clothing	
	(Dungaree, Gog	ggles, Rubber Shoes)	25 Each
	(Leather Gloves	s, Work Helmets)	5 Each Type
5.	Teaching aids (Learning material, visual material)	As Req.
6.	Flip charts		As Req.
7.	Computer		5
8.	Hand tools		5 Sets
9.	Tools and mate	rials for cleaning, lubricating, oiling, and insulating	5 Sets
10.	Tags/Labels		As Req.
11.	Storage facilities	S	As Req.
12.	•	orkplace documentation, Workplace forms, Job cards, Installation guides, specifications, Technical literature	5 Sets
13.	Safety signage		Complete 1 Set

6. List of Consumable Supplies

Occupational title		Electrical Machine Technician (Helper) –	Electrical Machine Technician (Helper) – Level 1		
	Duration	3 months			
Sr. No.		Name of Consumable Supplies	Quantity		
1.	Notepad		25		
2.	Ball pens		25		
3.	Pencils		25		
4.	Erasers		25		
5.	Sharpeners		25		
6.	White board marker	s in different colours	9		
7.	Stapler		1		
8.	Paper punch		1		
9.	Ruler		25		
10.	Compass		25		

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