















Published by

National Vocational and Technical Training Commission Government of Pakistan

Headquarter

Plot 38, Kirthar Road, Sector H-9/4, Islamabad, Pakistan www.navttc.org

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Layout & design

SAP Communications

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This document has been produced with the technical assistance of the TVET Reform Support Programme, which is funded by the European Union, the Embassy of the Kingdom of the Netherlands, the Federal Republic of Germany and the Royal Norwegian Embassy and has been commissioned by the German Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development (BMZ). The Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) GmbH in close collaboration with the National Vocational and Technical Training Commission (NAVTTC) as well as provincial Technical Education and Vocational Training Authorities (TEVTAs), Punjab Vocational Training Council (PVTC), Qualification Awarding Bodies (QABs)s and private sector organizations.

Document Version December, 2014 Islamabad, Pakistan



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1. Introduction

The construction industry is one of the leading businesses in Pakistan as well as in Middle East and other parts of the world. The Electrical Equipment Installer & Repairer plays a vital role in installation and maintenance of electrical appliances. The use of electrical appliances has increased manifold over the last few decades. The maintenance of these appliances has created an opportunity for skill training in this field.

1.1 Overall course objective

The aim of this programmed is to produce employable Electrical Equipment Installer & Repairer who could provide installation and maintenance services of electrical appliance. In addition, this programme aims to prepare unemployed youth to find employment in the construction industries or to enable them in becoming successful as entrepreneur.

1.2 Course competencies

After completion of training the trainees will be able to:

- > Developed professionalism associated with the electrical installer and repairer trade;
- Maintain Safety;
- Interpret Drawings;
- Maintain Tools & Equipment;
- Install Wiring;
- > Perform Installations and Assembling of Electrical Appliance / items;
- Perform product testing;
- > Perform Preventive and Corrective Maintenance;
- Perform Quality Checks; and
- Maintain Documentation.

1.3 Job opportunities

The pass out of this course would be able to:

- > Work in small & big construction units as electrical installer and repairer
- Work as electrical installer and repairer in an electrical outfit / company / organization
- > Work as electrical installer and repairer with construction contractor
- > Be self employed by having his own electrical / wiring workshop

1.4 Trainee entry level

Individuals who wish to enter this course of study have to comply against the following criteria:

- Grade 8 (Middle) or equivalent;
- > Comfort level of English language and mathematics;
- > Satisfactory completion of appropriate admission assessment test.
- > Satisfactory complication of electrical equipment repair & installer (Level 1)

1.5 Minimum qualification of trainer

Trainers who wish to offer this programme should meet one of the following requirements:

- > B.Sc. Eng and 2 years of relevant work experience; or
- > B-Tech and 4 years of relevant work experience; or
- > Diploma Associate Engineer (DAE) and 5 years relevant work experience; or
- > Certificate issued by authentication institute or organization as Electrical Equipment Installer &Repairer with 8 years relevant work experience

Trainers offering this programme must be computer literate and be conversant with the delivery of competency-based education and training (CBET). All legislative requirements applicable to carry out training and assessment, if any, must be complied with.

1.6 Teaching strategies in a competency-based environment

Training in a competency-based environment differs from the traditional method of training delivery. It is based on defined competency standards, which are industry oriented.

The traditional role of a trainer changes and shifts towards the facilitation of training. A facilitator in CBET encourages and assists trainees to learn for themselves. Trainees are likely to work in groups (pairs) and all doing something different. Some are doing practical tasks in the workshop, some writing, some not even in the classroom or workshop but in another part of the building using specialist equipment, working on computers doing research on the Internet or the library. As trainees learn at different pace they might well be at different stages in their learning, thus learning must be tailored to suit individual needs.

The following facilitation methods (teaching strategies) are generally employed in CBET programmes:

- ➤ **Direct Instruction Method:** This might beeffective when introducing a new topic to a larger group of trainees in a relative short amount of time. In most cases this method relies on one-way communication, hence there are limited opportunities to get feedback on the trainee's understanding.
- ➤ **Discussion Method:** This allows trainees to actively participate in sharing knowledge and ideas. It will help the trainer to determine whether trainees understand the content of the topic. On the other hand, there is a possibility of straying off topic under discussion and some trainees dominating others on their views.
- > Small Group Method: Pairing trainees to help and learn from each other often results in faster knowledge/skill transfer than with the whole class. The physical arrangement of the classroom/workshop and individual assessment may be challenging.
- ▶ **Problem Solving Method:** This is avery popular teaching strategy for CBET. Trainees are challenged and are usually highly motivated when they gain new knowledge and skills by solving problems (Contingency skills). Trainees develop critical thinking skills and the ability to adapt to new learning situations (Transfer skills). It might be time consuming and because trainees sometimes work individually, they may not learn all the things that they are expected to learn.
- Research Method: This is used for workshops and laboratory tasks, field experiments, and case studies. It encourages trainees to investigate and find answers for themselves and to critically evaluate information. It however requires a lot of time and careful planning of research projects for the trainee.

1.7 Medium of instructions

Urdu, local languages and/or English

1.8 Sequence and delivery of the modules

The curriculum for Electrical Equipment Installer&Repairer (Assistant) – NVQF level 2, consists of five (5) modules. The delivery of the modules (sequence) is suggested as follows:

Module 1: Electrical Theory

Module 2: Maintenance

Module 3: Installation and Assembling **Module 4:** Testing and troubleshooting

Module 5: Continuing Professional Development

Learning units within these modules can be delivered interchangeably as stand-alone modules or in an integrated approach.

1.9 Duration of the course

The proposed curriculum is composed of 5 modules, which will be delivered over 1600 hours i.e. one (1) year. The distribution of training hours is as follows:

a) Total Training hours = 1600 Hours

b) Theory = 320 Hours (20%) c) Practical = 1280 Hours (80%)

2. Overview about the programme – Curriculum for Electrical Equipment Installer & Repairer (Assistant) – NVQF Level 2:

Module Title	Learning Units	Theory ¹ Days/hours	Workplace ² Days/hours	Timeframe of modules
	LU-1: Describe basic electrical concepts			
	LU-2: Identify hazards associated with electricity			
	LU-3: Describe sources of electricity generation			
	LU-4: Calculate electrical variables			
Module 1: Electrical Theory	LU-5: Describe electrical quantities measurement instruments and Perform measurements in electrical circuits LU-6: Demonstrate knowledge of electric power		46	128
	LU-7: Describe resistive, inductive and capacitive loads			
	LU-8: Describe basic magnetic principles			
	LU-1: Plan and prepare for work			
	LU-2: Use tools and equipment			
Module 2: Maintenance	LU-3: Inspect and troubleshoot system	53	474	527
	LU-4: Conduct preventive and corrective maintenance			

¹Learning hours in training provider premises

²Training workshop, laboratory and on-the-job workplace

Module 3: Installation and Assembling	LU-1:Plan and prepare for work LU-2:Install machines and appliances LU-3:Perform operational testing	89	440	529
Module 4: Testing and troubleshooting	LU-1: Demonstrate diagnostic procedure LU-2: Remove Fault	75	320	395
Module 5: Continuing Professional Development	LU-1: Identify professional development needs LU-2: Develop professional knowledge, skills and attitudes LU-3: Maintain professional proficiency	21	0	21

3. Electrical Equipment Installer & Repairer(Assistant) – Curriculum Contents

Module 1:	Electrical Theory					
Objective of the Module: On completion of this module the trainee will be able to demonstrate the following competencies according to standards and/or requirements: • Describe basic electrical concepts						
	·					
Duration:	Total: 128 hours	Theory:	82 hours	Practice:	46 hours	
Learning Unit	Learning Outcomes	Learning Elements	Duration (Hours)	Materials Required	Learning Place	
LU-1:	1.1 Demonstrate knowledge of		Total	Non Consumable	Theory	
Describe basic		 Different states of matter with examples 	35Hrs	OscilloscopeDigital clamp meterGenerator	Classroom	
electrical concepts		Definition of atom,	Theory			
		molecule and elementAtomic structure and	25Hrs		Practical	
		shellsDescription of proton,	Practical 10 Hrs	Consumable	Lab Workshop	
		electron and neutron	101110	Analogue meterAnalogue voltmeter	Womenop	
		 Definition of valence and free electrons 		Animation of atomic		
		 Properties of positive and negative charge 		modelAnimation of states of		
		Definition of electricity		matter		

1.2 Describe current flow	 Conventional current and electron flow theory Static and dynamic charge 	Atomic model Balloon Batteries Clamp meter Conductor Digital multi meter Electric fan Electric heater Permanent and temporary magnets
1.3 Define conductor, semi- conductor and insulator	 Properties of conductors, insulators and semiconductors Types of diodes, e.g. Photodiode LED and Rectified Diode Blocking diode 	
1.4 Apply Ohm's law for DC circuits	 Definition Laws of resistance Relation between current (I), voltage (V) and resistance (R) 	
1.5 Describe factors affecting resistance of conductors	 Definition of resistivity Resistivity of materials Factors affecting resistance of conductors Calculating resistance of a conductor with regard to cross sectional area, length, resistivity and operating temperature 	

LU-2: Identify hazards associated with electricity	2.1 Describe electricity hazards	 Common electricity hazards Insulation breaks of cable Guarding or identification of live parts Grounding Electric spark due to increased load Lake of protection equipment uses Unawareness 	Total 08Hrs Theory 05Hrs Practical 03Hrs	Theory Classroom Practical Lab Workshop
	2.2 Apply the protection procedures for electric shock	 De energizing electric equipment before inspection or repair Maintaining electric tools Working near energized lines Using protective equipment 	-	
	2.3 Identify safety signs and symbols associated with electricity hazards	Different safety signs and symbols		

LU-3: Describe sources of electricity generation	3.1 Identify sources of electricity generation 3.2 Nature of electricity (AC or DC) produced by different sources 3.2 Describe Motor, Generator and their relation.	 Sources of electricity generation Static electricity Electromagnetic induction Electrochemistry Photovoltaic effect Thermoelectric effect Piezoelectric effect Nuclear transformation Definition of AC and DC electricity Varying/sinusoidal nature of current and voltage in AC Non-varying/uniform nature of current and voltage in DC Importance of polarity in DC circuits Define Motor Define Generator Relationship between motor and generator 	Total 15Hrs Theory 10 Hrs Practical 05Hrs		Theory Classroom Practical Lab Workshop
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LU-4: Calculate electrical variables	4.1 Demonstrate knowledge of series-, parallel-, and series/parallel electrical circuits	 Circuit layout Series Parallel Series/Parallel Circuit characteristics Voltage Current Resistance Fault finding procedures 	Total 15Hrs Theory 10 Hrs Practical 05Hrs	Theory Classroom Practical Lab
	4.2 Calculate electrical quantities in DC circuits based on Ohm's Law 4.3 Calculate electrical quantities in AC circuits based on Ohm's law	 Ohm's law wheel Calculating voltage Calculating current Calculating resistance Calculating power Ohms' Law for AC circuits Ohms' Law for DC circuits 		Workshop

LU-5: Perform measurements in electrical circuits	5.1 Identify digital and analogue instruments 5.2 Measure current and voltage in DC and circuits 5.3 Measure frequency of grid electricity	 Definition and examples of analogue display instruments Function of digital clamp meter Measuring current and voltage in DC and AC circuits Defining electrical parameters, such as Voc, Vmax, Isc, Vrms, Vpeak, Vpeak-peak, Irms Functioning of oscilloscope Measuring frequency of grid electricity using oscilloscope 	Total 20Hrs Theory 08Hrs Practical 12Hrs	
	5.4 Measure real and apparent power	 Definition of real, apparent and reactive power Relationship between real, apparent and reactive power Units of real/active, apparent and reactive power Measuring real and apparent power 		
	5.5 Measure voltage and frequency of single and three phase grid electricity	 Measuring single phase voltage of grid electricity Measuring three phase voltage of grid electricity Measuring frequency of grid electricity 		

LU-6: Demonstrate knowledge of electric power	6.1 Describe the different ratio for real power, apparent power and reactive power 6.2 Define the terms KVA, KVAR and KW 6.3 Measure power factor of grid electricity 6.4 State the advantages and disadvantages of low power factor and high power factor	 Power triangle Pythagoras theorem Calculation of angle Definition of KVA, KVAR and KW Calculate value of reactive power Definition of power factor Measuring power factor of main AC line KVA rating Per unit cost Power loss High current Increases expenses 	Total 15Hrs Theory 10 Hrs Practical 05Hrs	
	6.5 Explain the causes of low power factor and techniques to improve it	 Causes of low power factor Disadvantages of low power factor Techniques to improve power factor 		

LU-7 Describe resistive,	7.1 Define resistance, capacitance and	Definition of resistance, capacitance and inductance	Total 08Hrs
inductive and	inductance	Units and symbols	

capacitive loads		Parallel and series operation of inductors and capacitors	Theory 06Hrs Practical	
	7.2 Differentiate between resistive, inductive and capacitive loads	Examples of resistive loadsExamples of inductive loadsExamples of capacitive load	02Hrs	
	7.3 Explain importance of electrostatic discharge (ESD)	Definition of ESD Adverse effects of ESD		
LU-8: Describe basic magnetic	8.1 Define permanent and temporary magnets	Definition 'permanent magnets'Definition 'temporary magnets'	Total 12Hrs Theory	
principles	8.2 Define the term 'flux'	Definition 'flux'	08Hrs Practical 04Hrs	
	8.3 Describe magnetic lines of force and list their characteristics	Magnetic flux Flux density		
	8.4 Apply the fundamental laws of magnetism	Fleming's hand rules Lenz's law		

Module 2:	Maintenance	Maintenance					
Objective of the Module:	On completion of this module the trainee will be able to demonstrate the following competencies according to industry standards and/or requirements: Plan and prepare for work Use tools and equipment Inspect and troubleshoot systems Conduct maintenance						
Duration:	Total: 338 hours	otal: 338 hours Theory: 48 hours Practice: 290 ho					
Learning Unit	Learning Outcomes	Learning Elements	Duration (Hours)	Materials Required	Learning Place		
LU-1: Plan and prepare for work	1.1 Identify and obtain safety and other regulatory requirements for maintenance	Safety requirements, specifications, Hazard identification	Total 23 Hrs	Consumable • Drawing sheets	Theory Classroom		
	1.2 Interpret circuit diagrams	Drawings and symbols specifications	Theory 03 Hrs		Practical Lab		
1.	1.3 List the tools are required for plan and prepare of work	Tools and equipment and calibration thereof	Practical 20 Hrs		Workshop Local industry		

LU-2:	2.1 Identify and select tools,	Purpose of tools,	Total	Non Consumable	Theory
Use tools and equipment	equipment and instruments for maintenance	equipment and instruments	45Hrs • Electrical tools and machine	machine	Classroom
	2.2 Demonstration safe use of tools and equipment	Use of electrical tools, equipment &instruments	Theory 05Hrs	Oscilloscope Generator	Practical Lab
	2.3 Describe preventive maintenance procedures	Preventive maintenance Tools Equipment	Practical	Consumable	Workshop Local industry
		- Instruments - Machinery - Facilities	40 Hrs	HandoutsSafety procedures legislation	
	2.4 Maintain and / or replace tool insulation	Types of insulation and reports		Hydro meter Volt meter	
	2.5 Clean and store electrical tool insulation	Storage requirements		Ampere meter Watt meter	
	2.6 Define the following term	ElectrolyteErrorZero errorCalibration		Multi meterInsulation tapeBattery	
	2.7 Explain key hazards associated with use of tools and equipment	 Cut on any part of body Slipping of tools and equipment Bleeding First add 			
	2.8 Identify the state of charge and types of batteries	StaticDynamicPositive chargeNegative chargeTypes of batteries			

	2.9 Maintain electrolyte level	Role of electrolyte			
	2.10 Describe the procedure for charging batteries	Charging procedures			
	2.11 Apply the procedure for calibrating measuring instruments	Types and methods of calibration			
	2.12 Document and interpret calibration	Types of calibration reports			
	2.13 Calibrate measuring instrument	Types and methods of calibration International standards			
	2.14 List the problem that may occur when do calibrating	 Adjusting error Personal error Technical error Equipment error International standards Calibrating techniques 			
LU-3: Inspect and troubleshoot systems	3.1 List the key safety hazards associated with troubleshooting	Inspection requirements Troubleshooting requirements	Total 85 Hrs	Non Consumable • Mega meter	Theory Classroom
	3.2 Describe the procedures for routine check	Maintenance of electrical instruments and equipment; Types of common faults of wiring; Load balance; Safety precautions	Theory 15 Hrs Practical 70 Hrs	Earth test meterSynchronize meterClamp on meterOscilloscopePliers	Practical Lab Workshop Local industry
	3.3 Define the terms	TroubleshootingFaultLoads		Wire cutter Screw drivers	

		Schedule inspection	
	3.4 State the document results	Test and preventive reports	Consumable • Handouts
	3.5 States the remedies for unbalance system	 Natural phase fault Low power factor Short circuit Phase Unbalance Grounding Leakage current Low quality material 	Safety hazards Compass Extension board
	3.6 Apply the diagnostic procedures for troubleshooting	Identification of electrical faults by checking shape, size and colour of components and parts; Measurement of electrical parameters; Safety precautions	
	3.7 Identify faulty parts and / or equipment	Methods of fault identification in electrical components	
	3.8 Analyze system fault	System operations in an electrical environment	
	3.9 List the tools for required troubleshooting	Calibration toolsTesting toolsOperational toolsPersonal protective tools	

LU-4: Conduct maintenance	4.1 Explain the key hazards associated with maintenance	Identify and obtain safety, hazards and other regulatory requirements for conduct maintenance	Total 95 Hrs	Non Consumable Bench wise Battery charger	Theory Classroom
	4.2 Describe basic measurements tests 4.3 Apply minor adjustments and calibrations 4.4 Replace worn out or	Measurement and calculation of electrical parameters Adjustment techniques for electrical equipment and components; Calibration methods Identification of worn out	Theory 15 Hrs Practical 80 Hrs	 Pipe wrench Hand drill machine Goggles File set L Key set Mega meter Earth test meter 	Practical Lab Workshop Local industry
	4.5 Describe the procedures of dismantle faulty parts or components	or damaged parts Dismantling procedures		Synchronize meterClamp on meterOscilloscopeHand tool set	
	4.6 Replace or repair faulty parts or components 4.7 Perform commissioning	 Replacing and repairing procedures Electrical load management Commissioning procedures 		Consumable • Handouts • Safety hazards • Charge controller	
	4.8 Describe the procedure of Complete work related documents	Importance of documentation Customer care procedures & techniques		HydrometerTorchWire gaugeCompass	

4.9 Explain the purpose of final • Importance of quality • Extension board
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quality inspection	handing-over to client	Series board
4.10 Clean up and store tools, equipment and material	Waste disposal proceduresCare of tools and equipment	 Phase tester Ampere meter AVO meter
4.11 Identify the types of maintenance	Maintenance requirements	Soldering iron
4.12 Distinguish between preventive and corrective maintenance	 Maintenance tools Schedule of maintenances Replace and damage Minor and major maintenance 	
4.13 State the reason for short circuit	Low quality cableIncreases loadTemperature increasesUn-awareness	
4.14 Demonstrate the use of mega meter for a range of tests	 Operational tests Open circuit, short circuit, continuity test, earth leakage test Earthing test 	

Module 3:	Installation and Assembling					
Objective of the Module:	On completion of this module the trainee will be able to demonstrate the following competencies according to industry standards and/or requirements: • Plan and prepare for work • Install machines and appliances • Perform operational test					
Duration:	Total: hours	Theory:	hours	Practice:	hours	
Learning Unit	Learning Outcomes	Learning Elements	Duration (Hours)	Materials Required	Learning Place	
LU-1: Plan and prepare for work	1.1 Identify, obtain and interpret safety and other regulatory requirements	 Safety requirements for assembling Specifications Hazard identification Safety requirements for installation Specifications Hazard identification Purpose of work permit Earthing requirements 	Total 170Hrs Theory 25 Hrs Practical		Theory Classroom Practical Lab Workshop	
	1.2 Identify correct position and location for installation	Importance of correct position and location Physical structure Review layout plan	145Hrs			
	1.3 Identify and select the tools and equipment for work	Types of tools, equipment and material	-			
	1.4Interpret circuit diagrams	 Drawings and symbols Specifications				

LU-2: Install machines and appliances	2.1 Confirm assembling and installation specifications 2.2 Position and configure machine	 Assembling requirements Installation requirements Importance of correct position and location Safety precautions 	Total 230Hrs Theory 40Hrs	Theory Classroom Practical Lab
	2.3Demonstrate procedures for installing components and connecting electrical circuit with port	 Procedures for installing components Types of joints Types of wiring Types of cables Jointing methods Concept of neutral, phase and earth Input / Output voltage Safety precautions Confirming assembling 	Practical 190 Hrs	Workshop Local industry
	2.4Carry out operational testing 2.5Demonstrate procedures for final quality inspection	 Testing procedures and equipment Importance of quality Completing documents Customer care procedures and techniques Waste disposal procedures Care of tools and equipment 		

LU-3: Perform operational testing	3.1 Demonstrate procedures for testing and adjusting components and/or parts	Procedures for functional testing and adjustments	Total 165Hrs	Theory Classroom
	3.2Demonstrate procedures for commissioning a machine	 Basic operation of machine Settings to adjust performance Permit closing 	Theory 25Hrs Practical	Practical Lab Workshop Local industry
	3.3Explain operation of product or appliance to customer	Product knowledgeCommunication skills	140 Hrs	

Module 4:	Testing and Troubleshooting	Testing and Troubleshooting						
Objective of the Module:	On completion of this module the trainee will be able to demonstrate the following competencies according to industandards and/or requirements: • Demonstrate diagnostic procedures • Remove faults							
Duration:	Total: hours	Theory:	hours	Practice:	hours			
Learning Unit	Learning Outcomes	Learning Elements	Duration (Hours)	Materials Required	Learning Place			
LU-1: Demonstrate diagnostic procedures	1.1 Explain the purpose of visual inspection 1.2 Demonstrate procedure for implementing testing 1.3Interpret test results 1.4Implement troubleshooting procedures and identify fault	Damage identification cracks shape andstructure broken parts Process of different tests Electrical parameters Interpretation of drawings andcircuit diagrams Troubleshooting Electrical and electronic parameters Possible faults Winding insulation Bearing problem Coupling fault Rotor/stator fault	Total 270Hrs Theory 50Hrs Practical 220Hrs	Non Consumable Oscilloscope Multimeter Earthing meter Mega meter Consumable Safety Hazards Serial port Pliers Screw drivers Spanners Wire cutter Wire stripers AC / DC wires Batteries Invertors Hydrometer Compass Nuts and bolts	Theory Classroom Practical Lab Workshop Local industry			

LU-2: Remove faults	2.1 Identify the repair or replace component parts	Interpretation of drawings and circuit diagrams; product knowledge	Total 125Hrs	Theory Classroom
	2.2 Carry out operational testing	 Product knowledge; Testing procedures and equipment 	Theory 25Hrs	Practical Lab Workshop
	2.3 Explain the reason for short circuit and leakage current	Breakage of natural and phase Short circuits between Phase natural Insulation break of cable Temperature effect Load increases Low quality cable, material Un-awareness	Practical 100 Hrs	Local industry
	2.4 Identify the fault finding techniques	Visual inspection Technical inspection		

Module 5:	Apply continuing professional development				
Objective of the Module:	On completion of this module the trainee will be able to demonstrate the following competencies according to industry standards and/or requirements:				
	 Identity professional development needs Develop professional knowledge, skills and attitudes Maintain professional proficiency 				
Duration:	Total: 15 hours	Theory:	15 hours	Practice:	0 hours
Learning Unit	Learning Outcomes	Learning Elements	Duration (Hours)	Materials Required	Learning Place
LU-1: Identity professional	1.1 Discuss professional development needs	Reason s for professional development	Total 5 Hrs	Non Consumable Multi media Projector Dice Sound system White Board Consumable Flip Chart Writing pad Lead pencil High lighter White board marker	Theory Classroom
development needs	1.2 Identify professional development programmes	Access to programmes Career guidance	Theory 5 Hrs		Practical Lab Workshop Local industry

LU-2: Develop professional knowledge, skills and attitudes	2.1 Participate in training programmes 2.2 Document training outcome	Outcomes and relevance of training Report and portfolio writing	Total 5 Hrs Theory 5 Hrs	Non Consumable Multi media Projector Dice Sound system White Board Consumable Flip Chart Writing pad Lead pencil High lighter White board marker	Theory Classroom Practical Lab Workshop Local industry
LU-3: Maintain professional proficiency	3.1 Identify and use self-study sources 3.2 Implement self-study plan	Research methods Access to sources Planning your career	Total 5 Hrs Theory 5 Hrs	Non Consumable Multi media Projector Dice Sound system White Board Consumable Flip Chart Writing pad Lead pencil High lighter White board marker	Theory Classroom Practical Lab

4. Assessment guidance

Competency-based assessment is the process of gathering evidence to confirm the candidate's ability to perform according to specified outcomes articulated in the competency standard(s).

4.1 Types of assessment

a) Sessional assessment

The goal ofsessional assessment is to monitor student progress in order to provide constant feedback. This feedback can be used by the trainers to improve their teaching and by learners to improve their learning.

More specifically, sessional assessments Help learners to identify their strengths and weaknesses and Help trainers to recognise where learners are struggling and address problems immediately

Examples of sessional assessments include:

- Observations
- Presentations
- Activity sheets
- Project work
- Oral questions

b) Summative (final) assessment

The goal of summative (final) assessment is to evaluate learning progress at the end of a training programme by comparing it against, e.g. set of competency standards.

Examples of summative assessments include:

- > Direct observation of work activities
- Final project
- Written questions

4.2 Principles of assessment

When conducting assessment or developing assessment tools, trainers/assessors need to ensure that the following principles of assessment are met:

Validity

➤ Indicates if the assessment outcome is supported by evidence. The assessment outcome is valid if the assessment methods and materials reflect the critical aspects of evidence required by the competency standards (Competency units, performance criteria, knowledge and understanding).

Reliability

➤ Indicates the level of consistency and accuracy of the assessment outcomes. The assessment is reliable if the assessment outcome will produce the same result for learners with equal competence at different times or places, regardless of the trainer or assessor conducting the assessment.

Flexibility

Indicates the opportunity for learners to discuss certain aspects of their assessment with their trainer or assessor, such as scheduling the assessment. All learners should be made aware of the purpose of assessment, the assessment criteria, the methods and tools used, and the context and proposed timing of the assessment well in advance. This can be achieved by drawing up a plan for assessment.

Fair assessment

Fair assessment does not advantage or disadvantage particular learners because of status, race, beliefs, culture and/or gender. This also means that assessment methods may need to be adjusted for learners with disabilities or cultural differences. An assessment should not place unnecessary demands on learners that may prevent them from demonstrating competence.

4.3 Assessment template – Sessional and Summative assessment

Madula Tida		Recommended form of assessment		
Module Title	Learning Units	Sessional	Summative	
Module 1: Electrical Theory	LU-1: Describe basic electrical concepts LU-2: Identify hazards associated with electricity LU-3: Describe sources of electricity generation LU-4: Calculate electrical variables LU-5: Perform measurements in electrical circuits LU-6: Demonstrate knowledge of electric power LU-7: Describe resistive, inductive and capacitive loads LU-8: Describe basic magnetic principles	Activity sheetsSimulationOral and written questions		
Module 2: Maintenance	 LU-3: Inspect and troubleshoot system LU-4: Conduct preventive and corrective maintenance Demor Udule 3: LU-1: Plan and prepare for work UJ-2: Install machines and appliances 		Integrated assessment: Project Demonstration	
Module 3: Installation and Assembling			Role playOral and written questions	
Module 4: Testing and troubleshooting	LU-1: Demonstrate diagnostic procedure LU-2: Remove Fault	ObservationSimulationOral and written questionsDemonstration		
Module 5: Continuing Professional Development	LU-1: Identify professional development needs LU-2: Develop professional knowledge, skills and attitudes LU-3: Maintain professional proficiency	Activity sheetsOral and written questions		

5. List of Tools, Machinery & Equipment

Occupational title Electrical Equipment Installer &Repairer (Assistant) – Level 2					
Duration		12 months	12 months		
Sr. No.		Name of Item/ Equipment / Tools	Quantity		
1.	Adjustable wrench				
2.	Amp meter				
3.	AVO meter				
4.	Batteries				
5.	Battery charger				
6.	Bench vice				
7.	Ceiling hole cutter				
8.	Charge controller				
9.	Chisel				
10.	Clamp on meter				
11.	Compass				
12.	Cutter				
13.	Drill machine				
14.	Earth tester meter				
15.	Extension board				
16.	File set				
17.	First Aid box				

18. Gloves 19. Goggles 20. Grinder 21. Hammer 22. Hand drill machine 23. Helmet 24. Herts meter 25. Hexsaw 26. Knife (cable) 27. Level 28. L-key set 29. Lock plier 30. Measuring tape 31. Megger meter (Analog& Digital)
20. Grinder 21. Hammer 22. Hand drill machine 23. Helmet 24. Herts meter 25. Hexsaw 26. Knife (cable) 27. Level 28. L-key set 29. Lock plier 30. Measuring tape
21. Hammer 22. Hand drill machine 23. Helmet 24. Herts meter 25. Hexsaw 26. Knife (cable) 27. Level 28. L-key set 29. Lock plier 30. Measuring tape
22. Hand drill machine 23. Helmet 24. Herts meter 25. Hexsaw 26. Knife (cable) 27. Level 28. L-key set 29. Lock plier 30. Measuring tape
23. Helmet 24. Herts meter 25. Hexsaw 26. Knife (cable) 27. Level 28. L-key set 29. Lock plier 30. Measuring tape
24. Herts meter 25. Hexsaw 26. Knife (cable) 27. Level 28. L-key set 29. Lock plier 30. Measuring tape
25. Hexsaw 26. Knife (cable) 27. Level 28. L-key set 29. Lock plier 30. Measuring tape
26. Knife (cable) 27. Level 28. L-key set 29. Lock plier 30. Measuring tape
27. Level 28. L-key set 29. Lock plier 30. Measuring tape
28. L-key set 29. Lock plier 30. Measuring tape
29. Lock plier 30. Measuring tape
30. Measuring tape
31. Megger meter (Analog& Digital)
32. Micrometer
33. Multimeter
34. Number punch
35. Phase sequence meter
36. Pipe cutter
37. Pipe vice
38. Pipe wrench

39.	Plier set	
40.	Punching tool (Networking /Telephone)	
41.	Rachet set	
42.	Safety boots	
43.	Scissor	
44.	Screw driver set	
45.	Soldering iron	
46.	Spanner set	
47.	Steel scale	
48.	Steel wire	
49.	synchronizing meter	
50.	Techo meter	
51.	Tester	
52.	Thimble press	
53.	Tong tester (clamp on meter) AC/DC	
54.	Torch	
55.	Verniercaliper	
56.	Volt meter	
57.	Wire gauge	
58.	Wood saw	

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